

國立臺灣藝術大學 101 學年度碩士在職專班招生考試試題

科目：英文

- 說明：
- 一、本試題紙上請勿作答。
 - 二、選擇題答案請依序寫在答案卷上並注意題號。
 - 三、本試題紙與答案卷一併繳回。

第一部份：單一選擇題。共 40 題，每題答對得 2 分，答錯不倒扣。

I. Vocabulary and Phrases 詞彙與慣用語：1 至 10 題，請依據句意選出正確答案。

1. The population of China has just _____ to over 1.3 billion people.
(A) increase (B) increasing (C) to increase (D) increased
2. Last month, the temperature in Taipei broke a record _____ of 43°C.
(A) height (B) low (C) tall (D) high
3. Taiwan is often hit by typhoons, with half a dozen _____ the island this year.
(A) affecting (B) effecting (C) affect (D) effected
4. We send each other e-mails _____ about the latest virus.
(A) warning (B) warns (C) to warning (D) for warning
5. Water pressure _____ cracks open small rocks but also breaks great slabs of stone from the faces of cliffs.
(A) either (B) not only (C) and so (D) moreover
6. Both longitude and latitude _____ in degrees, minutes, and seconds.
(A) measuring (B) measured (C) are measured (D) being measured
7. Part of Jane Colden's work involved collecting plant specimens, cataloging plants, and _____ with other botanists.
(A) exchanging correspondence (B) he exchange of correspondence
(C) correspondence exchanging (D) correspondence was exchanged
8. Centuries of erosion have exposed _____ rock surfaces in the Painted Desert of northern Arizona.
(A) rainbow-colored (B) colored like a rainbow
(C) in colors of the rainbow (D) a rainbow's coloring
9. Extensive forest, _____, abundant wildlife, and beautiful waterfalls are among the attractions of Glacier National Park.
(A) it has spectacular mountain scenery (B) the mountain scenery is spectacular.
(C) spectacular mountain scenery (D) and the spectacular scenery of the mountains
10. The small, _____, farms of New England were not appropriate for the Midwest.
(A) self-support (B) they supported themselves
(C) self-supporting (D) supporting themselves

II. Grammar 文法測驗：11 至 20 題，請選出正確的答案。

11. She was _____ carefully for discounts at the clothing store.
(A) look (B) looking (C) looked (D) looks
12. The court's rule on this case is one _____ will go down in history.
(A) that which (B) by which (C) in which (D) that
13. In a _____ survey of Japan's Internet users, nearly half said they wanted to buy books or magazines online.
(A) recently (B) recent (C) later (D) lately
14. _____ types of guitars: acoustic and electric.
(A) Basically, there are two (B) Two of the basic
(C) Basically, two (D) They are two basic

15. New words are constantly being invented _____ new objects and concepts.
 (A) to describe (B) a description of (C) they describe (D) describe
16. Copperplate, a highly ornate form of handwriting, is _____ longer in common use.
 (A) not (B) none (C) never (D) no
17. A cloud is a dense mass of _____ water vapor or ice particles.
 (A) or (B) whether (C) both (D) either
18. Dry farming is a type of agriculture used in areas _____ less than 20 inches of rainfall.
 (A) there are (B) in which is
 (C) where there is (D) which has
19. _____ species of wild goats, only one, the Rocky Mountain goat, is native to North America.
 (A) The ten (B) Ten of the
 (C) Of the ten (D) There are ten
20. The chief advantage of using satellites to predict weather _____ can survey vast regions of the earth at one time.
 (A) they (B) is that they
 (C) is that (D) that they

III. Cloze Test 克漏字測驗：21 至 30 題，請選出正確的答案填入句子中。

There 21 long been a popular assumption that movies encourage mindless escapism, that they divert us 22 our ordinary experiences by entertaining us. Many movies, however, do more than provide us 23 light entertainment; as well as diverting us, they enlighten us. Chaplin's *City Lights* and Coppola's *The Godfather*, 24, are highly entertaining and widely popular movies. Yet both are also films which make us recognize human relationships, social inequities, and their own artistry. A knowledgeable filmgoer, then, enters the theater receptive, open to the possibilities of both entertainment and enlightenment, 25 that a film can be experienced from a variety of perspectives – cultural, ideological, and aesthetic.

- 21 (A) have (B) has (C) having (D) had
 22 (A) away (B) against (C) from (D) until
 23 (A) with (B) of (C) for (D) between
 24 (A) on average (B) for example (C) of importance (D) in use
 25 (A) realized (B) realize (C) realizes (D) realizing

The traditional approach to 26 a business is to obtain a business loan from either a bank or commercial finance company. Bank loans are usually more difficult to obtain and require a 27 degree of credit worthiness. On the other hand, bank loans usually yield a cheaper interest rate than do finance company loans. This 28 between banks and finance companies is not as clear as it once was. More and more banks are adopting "asset-based loaning programs" to compete 29 finance companies. And more finance companies are lowering their interest rates, eliminating the distinction that once existed between them and banks. The net 30 to the average businessperson is that business loans are generally easier to get, but finance charges or interest rates are somewhat higher than in the past.

- 26 (A) finances (B) finance (C) financed (D) financing
 27 (A) greater (B) lesser (C) more (D) less
 28 (A) distinction (B) disinterest (C) dislike (D) discrete
 29 (A) on (B) at (C) with (D) along
 30 (A) aftermath (B) result (C) concept (D) path

IV. Reading Comprehension 閱讀測驗：31 至 40 題，請閱讀文章後選出正確答案。

Besides providing an ideal environment for sea plants and animals to live in, seawater has other valuable properties, one of which is that it constantly moves. And its motion produces energy. The most obvious movements are the waves and the tides. Winds cause the waves, and the gravitational pull of the moon and the

sun causes the tides. In places like the Bay of Fundy in Canada, the difference between the high and low tide level can be as much as 40 feet. France and Britain are now trying to use energy in the tides to produce electricity. Waves can produce electricity, and some small-scale experiments are taking place to learn more about this. One of the most encouraging areas of research uses the temperature difference between seawater at the surface and the water deep down to produce electricity.

31. This passage is MAINLY about

- (A) the ecosystem in the sea.
- (B) environmental protection.
- (C) the movements of the sea, the moon, and the sun.
- (D) making use of the sea to produce energy.

32. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as an advantage of seawater?

- (A) It constantly moves.
- (B) Its movements can be used to produce electricity.
- (C) It provides mankind with plenty of sea plants and animals to live on.
- (D) It provides an ideal living environment for sea plants and animals.

33. Which of the following statements about the movements of seawater is NOT true?

- (A) Seawater is constantly moving.
- (B) The movements of seawater include the waves and the tides.
- (C) The gravity of the earth causes the tides.
- (D) Winds cause the waves.

34. Which of the following does the passage say that people could use to produce electricity?

- (A) The gravitational pull between the moon and the sun.
- (B) The difference between the temperature of surface water and deep seawater.
- (C) Sea plants and animals.
- (D) The difference between sea level and the ground.

35. We can infer from the passage that

- (A) energy sources other than nuclear power could become practical..
- (B) electricity produced by tides is too expensive to be useful.
- (C) scientific experiments produce the difference between the high and low tide level.
- (D) waves can only produce a little electricity.

For a long time, amphibians were confused with reptiles. Like reptiles, they have three-chambered heart and are cold-blooded. Some amphibians, such as salamanders, are even shaped like lizards. However, unlike reptiles, amphibians never have claws on their toes or scales on their bodies. Furthermore, the eggs of amphibians lack shells, so they must be laid in water or moist places. Amphibians were the first creatures to spend sizeable amounts of their lives on land. The larvae of most amphibians, such as frog tadpoles, are born with gills and live in water. However, their gills disappear as they develop lungs. Most retain the ability to breathe through the moist surface of their skin. This comes in handy when they hibernate in the bottom mud of lakes and ponds during the coldest months. They take in the small amount of oxygen they need through their skin. Some amphibians undergo what is known as a “double metamorphosis,” changing not only from gill breathers to lung breathers but also from vegetarians to insectivores. Although the amphibian class is rather small in number of species, it shows great diversity. There are three major types. The caecilians of the tropics are long, legless, burrowing creatures. Caudate amphibians, such as newts and salamanders, mostly have long tails and stubby legs. Salientians, which include both frogs and toads, are tailless as adults and have powerful hind legs. Toads differ from frogs primarily in that they have dry, warty skin.

36. The author’s main purpose in writing the passage is to

- (A) define and describe amphibians.
- (B) contrast different types of amphibians.
- (C) trace the development of amphibians from larvae to adults..

- (D) explain how amphibians differ from other creatures.
37. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT a characteristic of amphibians?
- (A) They have three-chambered hearts.
 - (B) They lay eggs without shells.
 - (C) They have claws on their toes.
 - (D) They are cold-blooded.
38. It can be inferred from the passage that amphibians' ability to breathe through their skin is especially useful during the
- (A) summer.
 - (B) fall.
 - (C) winter.
 - (D) spring.
39. All of the following are identified in the passage as amphibians EXCEPT
- (A) newts.
 - (B) salamanders.
 - (C) caecilians.
 - (D) lizards.
40. The word 'stubby' is closest in meaning to
- (A) long and thin.
 - (B) undeveloped.
 - (C) thick and short.
 - (D) powerful.

第二部份：Translation 翻譯題。中翻英或英翻中，每題 5 分，共計 20 分。

1. With his sudden rise from NBA benchwarmer to must-see TV, Jeremy Lin, 23, has crushed all kinds of conventions--like the one that said he was a nice Ivy League player but would never thrive in the NBA.
2. The popularity of organic foods can be traced to many people's nostalgia for a simpler or pioneer-like lifestyle.
3. 美國的人口逐漸老化中。和西元 1950 年的 8%比較起來，1987 年 65 或 65 歲以上的老人就佔了 12%。
4. 下學期，她要先分析資料，然後暑假的時候寫論文。她的指導教授大概會要求她修改初稿。